directly by the people, and therefore either through the Board of Supervisors, or through the Legislature, the levying of taxes for that city and county has always heretofore been under the control of men sleeted directly

Reard of Suber for that city and county has always levying of taxes for that city and county has always by the people.

Mr. Cramer—I think that after the remarks of the Mr. Cramer—I think that after the remarks of the Senator from the XVIIth (Mr. Parker), and the Senator from the XVIIth (Mr. Parker), and the Senator from the XVIIth (Mr. Parker), and the Senator from the XXXth (Mr. Woon), a vote should not be taken from the XXXth (Mr. Woon), a vote should not be taken upon this question until some of the positions which they have assumed shall have been considered to the satisfaction of Senators who are explained to the satisfaction of Senators who are asked to support this measure. In my opinion, the progress of this bell since it was introduced by the progress of this bell since it was introduced by the progress of the state of the same thing extraordinary, men, and editors, have been samething extraordinary, men, and editors, have been samething extraordinary, men, and editors, have been samething extraordinary, they ishall not exceed for the years 1871 and 1872, they ishall not exceed for the years 1871 and 1872, they ishall not exceed for the years 1871 and 1872, it is to see the same for the progress of the government of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of New York to put down the brakes upon all sorts ment of the press of spending extravagantly and the engine of the proposition form of spending extravagantly and of the put of

times receive.
Will the Senator from the VIth District (Mr. d at an inner an interest of the District (Mr. Lewis-Will the Senator from the Vib District (Mr. ner) support an amendment to this bill limiting the ner) support an amendment to this bill limiting the first to be assessed or collected this year to \$22,000,0004 Creamer—That is already in this bill, as I shall exfertle on. Now, who has the power to-day to levy in New York I Do the Senators who have spoken set this bill—do the members of the Republicant of the Democratic party, who are opposed to or of the Democratic party, who are opposed to all—ever ask themselves that question, or can they can the Vibrat View View Levy upon that eity and What amount of taxes can the officers of the of New-York levy upon that city and ler existing law! What restriction is placed wupon the expenses of that city and county or answer the question! Why, Mr. Chairman, law, as it stands, the municipal corporation of City have power to expend \$50,000,000-\$100, c. \$500,000.000-if they see fit; and yet, where here and propose voluntarily to place these supon themselves, they are met with this factation, that they are attempting to grasp unwer.

d-Will the Senator permit a question ! Creamer - Certainly, Sir.
Wood - Does the Senator from the VIth (Creamer that the law which rrovides that the Tax-Levy of fork shall be submitted to the Legislature was re-

ealed by the act of last Winter !
Mr. Creamer—I say that the act which the Senator
muscir voted for mst winter gives to the Commissioner
Public Works, together with the Mayor and Controller,
over, as a Board of Estimate, to expend a hundred
alliens of dofines if they choose to abuse their powers
that exice.

millions of domais if the votes to that extent.

Mr. Kennedy—Suppose the Commissioner of Public Works and the other officials have the power to contract debts for the City of New-York to the amount of a hundred millions of deliars in a single year—how, except through the Legislature, are they to get the money to

mr. Creamer—If the Senator will refer to the law he will see that it centers upon the various departments of the city government, created by the new charter which was voted for unanimously by Republicans and Democrats of both brunches of the Legislature, power to make estimates. These estimates are to be submitted to the Board of Appropriations, which is composed of the Mayor, the Controller, and the head of each department, and whatever amount they agree upon as necessary for the support of the various departments is by the law considered appropriated, and the Board of Supervisors are authorized and directed to raise that amount. authorized and directed to raise that amount.

Ir. Kennedy—Have the officers of the city government
further power over the question of taxation than
power to send their estimates here to be passed upon
this body.

ely.

he passage of the new Carter the terms in the terms overloss sent here to be passed upon were not more than exchaps one-lifth of the whole amount expended for the covernment of the city of Mr. Kennedy—I do know, Sir, that the Tax Levy of the lity of New-York does not include all the items of the xpenses of the city. I know that it does not include he interest on certain bonds.

Mr. Creamer—That is just one of the things that it loss include. Mr. Kennedy-It does not include, either, certain other

Mr. Creamer—That is just one of the thicks that does include.

Mr. Kennedy—It does not include, either, certain other items that I could name, but it does include, and has always included, the expenses that are includent to the government of the city and county.

Mr. Creamer—The Senator has got down now to incidental expenses. If he will read the Tax Levy of 1896 he will discover that the Legislature appropriated only \$1,000,000 out of an expenditure of \$1,000,000 for a celty and county governments. Now, to show the power to expend money that is vested in that corporation to-day, without coming to the Legislature, I will read a few of the items for which they have power to raise the money. Our portion of the State tax is \$5,500,000; poince, \$500,000; schools, £1,750,000; charities, \$160,000; procepartments, \$900,000; schools, £1,750,000; charities, \$160,000; poince, \$000,000; schools, £1,750,000; charities, \$160,000; poince, \$000,000; schools, £1,750,000; charities, \$160,000; micrest on deld, \$3,500,000; schools, exceeding the contract, \$750,000. Beside these lens, there are expenses of the Departments of Docks, Farks, and Public Works, incurred under previous laws. Here, I am able to write out, without reterring to the books, an aggregate of \$21,700,000. And, beside, there is the reserved power that exists in the various Departments under the act of last year. As I have already said, the course of the gentleman on the other side in opposing this bill, after having voted for the acts of last year, seems to me mest extraordinary. I again assert that, under the acts passed here last year, the Corporation of New-York have power to expend hundreds of millions of dollars annually, and that the object of this bill is to put some restaint upon them in that respect. The Senator from the XVIIth (Mr. Parker) says that if we pass this bill the assessed value upon which the taxes are to be levied may be doubled. If the Senator was familiar with the manner in which taxes are imposed then he would know that he is mistaken in

that no correction small be made in them until the Suth of April, and that no changes shall be made unless upon the sworn affidavits of parties interested, and I tell him that in 200 cases out of 1,000 where changes are made, they are made not by increasing the assessments, but by striking them off the books altegether. The gross value of the property assessed this year will be much less than it was last year.

Mr. Farker—I wish to ask the Senator whether the Board have not the power to increase the amount of individual assessments mutil the 30th of April 1 Mr. Creamer—We have not the power at this day; the law requires that public notice shall be given that the books are open for correction.

Mr. Parker—Whit you not have the power between this and the 30th of April to increase assessments!

Mr. Creamer—No. Sir.

books are open for correction.

Mr. Parker—Will you not bave the power between this and the 30th of April to increase assessments?

Mr. Creamer—No. Sir.

Mr. Parker—Why not?

Mr. Parker—Why not?

Mr. Parker—Why not?

Mr. Creamer—Before this bill was introduced, and before that Department had any knowledge that such a bill would be introduced, an carnest effort was made to enfer the enormous amount of personal property that had previously escaped taxation, so as to lighten the burden on real estate; and notices were sent to every name in the Business Directory, assessing each individual on a certain sum. It is said to say that by the passage of this bill (which confers these powers for two years) the agaggate amount of taxes that can be raised will not exceed \$2,350,000 either this year or next year.

Now we ask our iriends here, we ask Senators who are opposed to us politically, to assist us in perfecting our city government under the charter that they gave us last year. Under that charter, which conferred powers upon the officers of the city government for four or five years, it is impossible to bring about a change in a day. Republicans and Democrats in that city must accept the situation. There is no power to change it. You, gentlemen, on the other side, gave us the charter that we are living under as much as anybody else. It passed this body by a vote of 30 to 2, and the other House by a vote of 110 to 5. Both parties voted for it, and, surely, if a bill giving the corporation of New-York power to make such large expenditures met your approval last year, this bill, which is amendatory of that, and which is designed to restrict their power of expenditure, cannot fail to receive your approval also.

Mr. Wood—Suppose this bill does not pass, and the law remains as it is now, in what way will the money be raised to pay the expenses of the city Government?

Mr. Creamer—It will be raised by the iaw of last Winter to raise. Is the Senator satisfied with the answer?

Mr. Wood—I am not satisfied that that is correct

Mr. Wood—I am not satisfied that that is correct law by any means.

Mr. Creamer—I repeat that this is a measure of reform, and that it is necessary in order to give us the full benefit of the charter of last year. There is nothing secret about this bill; nothing that those who support it are not willing and anxious that the public shall know. The charge which has been so often made here that this bill confers extraordinary powers, sounds strange coming from those who voted for the acts of last year giving the power of expenditure that I have already illustrated. The Senator from the XVIIth (Mr. Parker), makes the objection that of these four gratieman only one is elected The Senator from the objection from the objection that of these four gentleman only one is elected by the people. But how are the officers who now make the appropriations chosen 1 in nearly every case they have been appointed by the Executive of the City Gov

Mr. Wood-The Senator has not stated what objection

ernment.

Mr. Wood—The Senator has not stated what objection there is to leaving this power to the Board of Supervisors, instead of centering it upon these officers?

Mr. Murphy—I do not rise to discuss the provisions of this bill, but merely to state the reasons which justify me in my own mind in voting for it. The bill, perhaps, is not exactly what I would like it to be. We have passed a bill in regard to the City of Brooklyn of the same tenor, which is more satisfactory to me than this; but still I know that I cannot have my particular views accepted in all respects; and, therefore, I have looked at this bill to see whether there is anything in it which should command my support. I have always maintained the propriety of giving to the City of New-York the power of fixing the amount of taxes to be raised for its own municipal purposes. New-York is an exception to all the counties of the State. From time immemorial its tax-levies have been enacted by the Legislature. Even when New-York was a small city of only 20,000 or 30,000 inhabitants, the same form was gone through with, of coming to the Legislature for a law to nuthorize the levying of taxes annually; and yet we have now in this State the City of Brooklyn, containing a population of 40,000, where this matter of taxation is left entirely to the local authorities; under the same rule as applies in regard to the other cities of the State. Now, as a matter of principle, I do not see why we should make an exception against New-York, and insist upon fixing her tax-levy here. But more than this. In the course of my experience here I have observed the great softs which result from bringing that tax-levy here. Year after year an estimate would come to from the city authorities of the amount required to be raised, and when it came here that estimate was regarded as a kidd of horse upon which all kinds of riders were placed—special legislation in favor of individuals and corpora-tons—so that the Tax Levy sometimes were were placed—special legislation in favor of in

authorities had asked for. This is a very serious evil; and has had its influence, in connection with the other reasons I have named, in leading me to make up my mind to favor any measure which would give back to the City of New York the right to levy its own taxes.

Mr. Wood—I would ask the Senator whether any of those riders were kept upon the Tax Levy except by Senators or Members of the other house representing the City of New-York?

Mr. Murphy—I have been here ten years, and this is the first time that I have been in the majority in this Senate. All the riders to which I have referred were put on not by the party then in the minority here, but by the party which was in the majority—the party to which the honorable Senator from the XXXth (Mr. Wood) belongs.

Mr. Bradley moved to amend by inserting a section to Mr. Bradley moved to amond by inserting a section to prohibit appropriations to secturian schools, as follows: It shall not be lawful for the Mayor, Aldermen, and Communally of the City of New-York, or the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, or the Board of Apportionment herein created, to appropriate or apply any portion of the tax herein authorised to be raised in aid of any private or sectarian school, or to any institution or enterprise that is unler the control of any religious denomination, or to borrow any money on the faith or credit of the city, to be applied to any such purpose, but the forecoing restriction shall not be held to prevent an appropriation by

ite of the Norvous and Paralytic Poor, the New-York Eye and Ear Internary.

And for the following-named dispensaries, via.: The New-York the
Northern the Eastern, the Domlit, the North-Eastern, the North-Western, the Yorkville, the Hachen, the Manthatan, the Education the Manthager, the North-Western, the Yorkville, the Hachen, the Manthatan, the Education the Dispensary of the New-York Medical College for Women, the New-York Homeopathile Dispensary, the Branch Homeopathic Dispensary, Toupakinsquare, the North-Eastern Homeopathic Dispensary, Toupakinsquare, the North-Eastern Homeopathic Dispensary, the Central Dispensary, the General Dispensary, the General Dispensary the Latental Dispensary for Women and Children, the Indimary of the New-York Opthalmic and Anral Institute, and the other institutions and
coliction one provided for by law.

The excise moneys derived from licenses for the sale of intoxicating
lignors since the organization of the prosent Boxel of Excise Commissioners, and the moneys becaute received for such licenses, may be
appropriated for charitable purposes by the Heard of Apportionment
herein provided for as they may determine from time to time.

Mr. Beralley's amendment was then adopted—16 to 15.1

Mr. Lewis moved to Limend by restricting the atmount

Mr. Bradley's amendment was then adopt the amount Mr. Lewis moved to timend by restricting the amount of tax raised annually to \$22,500,000. Lost, by a party Mr. Lewis then moved to restrict the tax to \$25,000,000.

Lost by 15 to 16.

Mr. Chapman moved to amend by requiring the amount agreed upon by the Board to be submitted to the Board of Supervisors, who shall have power to reduce the same. Lost by 15 to 16. The bill was then passed.

A large number of bills were passed, among them the bill to prevent the spread of contageous diseases in New-York City.

Bills were passed-Making an appropriation to remove obstructions from Chantauqua Lake and outlet; amending the act providing for a further supply of pure and wholesome water to the City of New-York; authorizing the Rondout and Oswego Railroad Company to extend their route; amending the act to facili-itate the construction of the Scholarie Valley Kaliroad; regulating action against sheriffs; amending the act es-tablishing the office of Receiver of Taxes in the town of Westchester; authorizing School District No. 2, Castle-ton, Richmond County, to borrow money to creek a school-bouse. chool-house.

The Long Island Bridge bill was reported by the Con

The Long Island Bridge bill was reported by the con-erence Committee, exempting Queens County from any expense. The report was acreed to, and the pill passed. Mr. Frear introduced a bill for the care of vagrants in New-York City. Recess. In the Evening Session the Yonkers water bill was passed; as also a bill to reduce the head money received from emigrants arriving at New-York City.

A PLEA FOR SOME OF THE NINE ABSENTEES. To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sin: I observe that you have placed the Hon. D. L. Fisk of Madison, in your list of delinquents on Thursday evening last. As Mr. Fisk's sent happens to be near mine, I became aware of the facts fully exonerating him from all blame. Some changes made by Mr. Moses S. Beach in the ven-

tilation of this Chamber have occasioned drafts of air, and Mr. Fisk, who is one of the most regular members in his sent, took a severe cold, which settled on his lungs, and greatly enfectled him. He had been under care of a physician of this city, but in the day time never intermitted his attendance. It was not the intention of the leaders of the House to call up the Erie Reports that night. But about 9 o'clock a number of bills having been read, and absences ascertained, a change of purpose took place; the reports were taken up and rushed through as quickly as possible to prevent absent mem-bers from coming in soon enough to arrest the results desired. Mr. Fisk, owing to the state of his health, and under counsel of his medical adviser, had remained at his room. He was in the House the next day, but was very feeble. I am certain that if the messenger to look up the absentces had called for him, he would have been present to vote, and would have voted for the minority eport. His integrity has never been impugned or sus pected here; and he is a very careful, industrious man, the always attends to his business diligently. I do not who always attends to his basics was in-for a moment suppose that any unfairness was in-tended, and I am aware that intentional absence is as bad as doing an actual wrong, and, at the same time,

Mr. Sage of Oswego was also sick. Three others had gone to the theater. Mr. Shepardson, after being assured that the reports would not be called up, had left the city for a day. Of the others, I know nothing. They must be judged by the way they generally rote.

Yours truly, Assembly Chamber, Albany, April 5, 1871.

CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY ON THE ERIE CLASSIFI-

CATION BILL.
To the Editor of The Tribune

SIR: It is, to say the least, discreditable to the Republican party to have this county, which two years ago, was the second Republican county in the State, and which claims to be Republican yet, represented by men who, when it comes to great questions, like the Eric Classification bill, are either nowhere or on the wrong side. Of the two Republican members from this county, M. P. Bemus "slinked," as usual, and Winans voted with the Eric party. No one expected anything better of them when they were nominated, and yet, in spite of this these men, by what is becoming the usual means here, obtained their nominations against the wishes of a majority of the party. They each had a record at Albany which did the Republican party no credit while Winger is could be a because of the continuous and the continuous accounts while Winger is could be a because of the continuous and the continuous accounts while Winger is could be a because of the continuous accounts while Winger is continuous.

record at Albany which did the Republican party no credit, while Winans is, and has been for years, freight agent for the Erie Road at Dunkirk, and was known to be a perfect tool of Fish and Gould.

Other candidates of the Republican party have recently obtained their nominations by means which would do credit to your city Democrates.

Such proceedings have reduced the Republican majority in this county within two years from 6,000 to less than 300, and by the next election will give it to the Democrats by a bandsome majority.

The mistake comes in allowing a lot of political harlequips to control the cancusses and get themselves nomi-

The mistake comes in allowing a lot of political harlequins to control the cancusses and get themselves nominated as candidates, when they do not represent the people. We trust the Republicans of the State will not judge us in this county by our so-called representatives. The carse of the Republican party here and elsewhere is that a great number of rascals have managed to thrust themselves to the front ranks of the party, and they will soon run it into the ground unless they can be kept out of office. Our nominees must be of known character for honesty and maniferess if we intend to be the dominant party any longer in this country.

Republicans of this state! profit by our misfortunes, and see that the right men are nominated in your conventions. Do not keep in old party backs, nor select men who are so very anxious for the position, but see that you have men who have backbones.

A REPUBLICAN VOTER.

COLLEGE LAND SCRIP.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sin: In your Washington letter dated March 30, in Friday's TRIBUNE, I find the following reference to the sale of the college land scrip belonging to Texas:

30, in Friday's Tribune, I find the following reference to the sale of the college land scrip belonging to Texas:

Through the setive efforts of the Hen. J. P. Newcomb, Secretary of State, and of Gro. W. T. Chr.; c.-Ilepresentative, the State of Texas has just concluded a sale of her Agricultural (ollege scrip to G. F. Lewis of Clereband, Ohio. The sale calcrace 130,000 anea, and the trice obtained was \$156,000, the highest price set poid to any State, heigh three cents an acre more than New-York rece well though Mr. Correll's efforts'.

It is very evident that your correspondent is not well informed as to "Mr. Cornell's efforts' in the matter of the New-York Agricultural College land scrip, and hence the error into which The Tribune has fallen on the subject. I will therefore ornelly state the facts in regard to my management of the New-York scrip.

At the time I undertook its disposal College scrip was retailing at the Western land offices by the single place at 75 cents per acre, and comid be purchased in parcels of ten places, in market, at 60 cents per acre. I took something over 900,000 acres of the scrip to dispose of in the interest of the Cornell University, and disposed of fix as follows: 550,000 acres were located on carefully selected white pine timber lands in Wisconsta, and farming lands in wisconson, Minnesota, and farmying all expenses of locating taxes and interest, but declined to sell, knowing the bunds to be worth much more. The rest of the scrip is locally faxes and interest, but declined to sell, knowing the bunds to be worth much more. The rest of the scrip is locally faxes and interest for exercised, all of which has passed into the Transcriv of the State of New-York and been invested for the Cornell University by the Courself on the state of New-York and been invested for the Cornell University by the Courself of the State. My "efforts" did not rest here. After naving dapased of the New-York

POLITICAL.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION. LATEST RETURNS-NO GOVERNOR CHOSEN-THE

REST OF THE REPUBLICAN TICKET ELECTED. HARTFORD, April 6 .- The election returns at The Courant Office, which have been carefully revised and footed up, show that English's plurality for Governor is only 17. In these returns the scattering votes are not given, but there is little doubt that there are enough of them to throw the election into the Legislature. The official canvass of the votes will not be made for two weeks. The Courant's returns also show that all the other Tepublican State officers are elected by the

people, by handsome majorities, as follows: people, by handsome majorities, as follows:
Morris Tyler, Lieutenant-Governor, by 206 majority;
Hiram Appelman, Secretary of State, by 250 majority;
David P. Nichols, Trensurer, by 230 majority; Joseph N,
Manning, Controller, by 324 majority. The complete returns show that there is a Republican majority of 26 on
joint ballot in the Legislature—5 in the Senate and 21 in
House. The House stands 120 Republicans to 109 Demo-

WHO IS TO BE GOVERNOR STILL A CONUNDRUM. HARTFORD, April 6 .- The vote of the town of Cheshire, about which there has been a dispute concerning 23 votes thrown out by the Democratic Moderator, has been returned to the Secretary of State's office with these votes included; so that, so far as that town goes, there is to be no change in the figures on the general result which give Euglish 17 plurality in the State. Concerning the count of scattering votes, where they are for Jewell or English without the full name being given, the Board of Canvassers have nothing to do with it further than to report to the Legislature the votes returned and as returned. Immediately upon the assembling of the Legislature, a committee is to be raised to examine the report of the Canvassers, and if it is found to be correct, it is accepted, and then the successful candidate is notified of his election; but at this point, if it shall appear that Gov. English has a majority of all the votes cast, without de-ducting the apparent over count in Enfield, Gov. Jewell may make a protest against the acceptance of the report, and the whole matter will then come up for will come to this, if it does not get to the Legislature in the other way, by the failure of either candidate to rerity of all the votes cast. In any event, it now seems impossible to keep the question out of the Legislature. Gov. English will hold over until his sucessor is qualified. We shall not, therefore, have any election parade this year till we know who is Governor. Who will write the annual message, to be read at the opening of the General Assembly, is a conundrum now

GOV. ENGLISH AND TAMMANY HALL.

HARTFORD, April 5 .- About ten days before the election the Republican papers of this State openly charged that Gov. English and the Democratic party were in collusion with the Tammany Ring. There was evidence of it in the fact that Gov. English himself had been seen in company with William M. Tweed at the Delavan House in Albany; that the Liquer Deniers' Association of New-York had active agents at work in the State and established disbursing effices; that all the imported speakers on the Democratic side were avowed Tammany men, none others being called into the State. On Thursday of last week leading Republicans came in possession of a dispatch sent by Gov. English to Albany, which read as follows:

"Do not disappoint us: nothing could be more dis-

There was not the slightest doubt that this dispatch was forwarded over the Western Union line from New-Haven. It was accepted as further evidence of the shameful collusion between the Democratic leaders and Tammany. Its publication simultaneously in The New-YORK TRIBUNE and Times, The New Haven Journal and York Tribune and The Hartford Courant stirred up such Palladium, and The Hartford Courant stirred up such an excitement among the friends of English as was never before witnessed in any political party in Con-necticut. Immediately the New-Hayen Ring managers set to work to counteract the influence of the dis-patch. But Gov. English had committed himself to it in his great anxiety, by rushing into the telegraph office there and making the inquiry, "How did they got that dispatch?" and the reply was, "It was probably taken off the wirer." However, Mr. English at once issued a proclamation off-ring a reward of \$500 for the detection of the author of the forged dispatch "with my name signed to it." And he then gave to the public opies of two dispatches which he said were the only Tweed; but one of these had no connection with Tweed whatever, and there the Governor was lame. The first was from Richard O'Gorman to English, saying that he was afraid he could not speak in New-Haven on Wednesday night, as he had been suddenly called to Albany. The second was from Eaglish to Tweed, and read: "Have dispatch to O'Gorman to your care delivered at

once. Have him come as agreed." But where was the disputch to O'Gorman ! That was carefully suppressed. And, not withstanding that a re-ward of \$500 had been offered for the detection of the forger, that very day Mr. Wood, the New England Manager of the Western Union Line in Boston, was sent for and did go to New-Haven to discover, if possible, who "leaked" the dispatch. All business on the line was suspended about this matter. While the Republican papers, in giving the dispatch, had no doubt of its correctness, and supposed that it was sent by English to Tweed direct, they gathered an explanation of the whole thing out of the blastering proclamation of English, and the proof of his blustering and evasion furnished in the suppression of the O'Gorman dispatch, and in the investiga tions ordered by Wood; and it is due to these papers that the Democratic charge of "forgery and fraud"

glibly made since the election should have a quietus.

But the Democratic press fell back with dignity upon the English reward, and dodged the main issue; The Courant and other papers insisting that Tweed did receire the dispatch as alleged. That dispatch, as the dedging of English clearly showed, and as subsequent investigation abundantly proved, was not to Tweed direct, but was to his care for O'Gorman, and was in reply to O'German's dispatch saying that he was fearful he auld not speak in New-Haven. He was relied upon t stir up the Irish votes there, and hence English, to make the inducement strong for him to come, replied: "Do not disappoint us; nothing could be more disastrous." And o'German did come. Now, why did not Gov. English confess to sending the dispatch, instead of crying forgery and making himself ridiculous by palpable inconsistencies! I will tell you; simply because, after his partisans had claimed the State as sure for him by from 2,000 to 3,000 majority, he knew that his own admission that the absence of one speaker from the State "would be disastrous," would cause a depressing, if not a disheartening effect. This is the whole story, and from it you will judge on which side the fraud and forgery have been. In the first place, it was honestly believed that English's dispatch was sent direct to Tweed (who did "receive" it, as it was to his care), and when it was discovered that it was intended for O'Gorman, the fact existed that he was in communica-tion with Tammany men, and it was insisted upon. It is somewhat singular that English's quibbling denial should have been the means of giving Republicans the first correct explanation of the dispatch, while he in-tended it to mislead everybody. He certainly was as guilty, morally, of falsehood himself, as if he had told "the lie direct," while, on the other hand, the Republicans who fastened the dispatch upon him told the truth, and stuck to it all through, and will back it up to-day.

OHIO.

GEN. GRANT'S LATE MESSAGE INDORSED. COLUMBUS, April 6 .- In the House, yester-COLUMBUS, April 6.—In the House, yester-day, a resolution indersing President Grant's Santo Domingo policy was taken up and a substitute adopt d, by a party vote, declaring that "in regard to the ex e sion of our borders and the acquisition of territory, as will as every other measure of public concern, we inderse as sound political vistom the principles embodied in the declaration of President Grant, that no policy should be enforced against the will of the people."

RHODE ISLAND. PADELFORD'S MAJORITY 3,414. PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 6.-The complete returns of the State election give Padelford (Rep.) for Governar, 8,819; Steere (Dem.), 5,345. Republican ma-

The Senate stands 26 Republicans to 9 Democrats, and 1 no choice. The House stands 51 Republicans to 13 Democrats, and 8 no choice.

THE NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE. THE INCIDENTAL BILL DEFEATED-THE SCHOOL

BILL BECOMES A LAW-SCHOOL BOYS' SPORT -FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

THENTON, April 6 .- Both Houses of the Legislature adjourned at noon to-day. The Senate passed, over the Governor's veto, the bill giving the riparian In the House, the principal event of the day was the

great disorder, all sorts of missiles being hurled at members, and a school boys' frolic generally indulged in. No Scenate bills tailed to be acted upon, but about 50 House bills wont over, owing to want of time.

MISSOURI. ST. LOUIS MUNICIPAL ELECTION. St. Louis, April 6 .- The official majority for Capt. Brown, who was elected Mayor on Friday, is 2,634. The majority for F. W. Mathias (Dem.), for County Treasurer is 5,005. The proposition for the county to subscribe \$1,000,000 to the St. Louis and Fort Scott Railroad was defeated by a vote of 4,762. The City Council is a tie. Mr. Stussel (Dem.), in the Third Ward, will contest the seat of Mr. Amelung, whose majority is only 8.

NEW-YORK.

TOWN ELECTIONS—SUFFOLK COUNTY.
East Hampton elects the entire Republican
tleaf-Supervisor, Samuel Posbam; Clerk, John C.
Hedges, Justice, H. B. Huthill, Assessor, J. H. Barnes;

Collector, S. B. Filer.
In Southold, Franklin H. Overton, Rep., is elected Supervisor over the Hen. H. A. Reeves, ex-Congressman, by 6 maj. out of 1,6%. The vote is the largest ever polled in the town. H. Weils, Rep., is elected Collector of realectors. by 2 majority.

REPUBLICAN ORGANIZATION IN NEW-YORK CITY.

The Republican General Committee met last evening in Executive session, Mr. Greeley presiding. The following was offered by Gen. Cochrane and ultimately adopted:

Whereas, The State Committee have, upon charges and petition ferred, decided to break up this General Committee and the 21 Assembly District Associations commerce therewile, and to enganize another Gen-eral Committee, and other list let Associations in their places, and, Whereas, The charges and petitions on which their artism is according taken have been shown, without refutation, to be destitute of foundation

State Committee themselves, the regular Depublican organization of the City of New-York, established by the paramount authority of the Be bled; and its Constituent As embly District Associations are, by the same admission, the regular and only organizations of that party, created by

 $i_n$  its nature, without justification, incompatible with the principles and life of the Republican party, and eltegether an act of usurpation, countries

sembly Dittiet Associations, whose deligates compose it, and through whom the Associations speak, decline, in our especity of the regularly same; to maintaining in their integrity, the powers intrusted to us by our follow-Repainforms of the State, through their State Conventions, do purpose and intend, now and hereafter, faithfully, fairly, and hencetly, to

trained to the Hen. Hierare Greeley and the Hen. Win. Orion, be referred to the Special Committee, of which Sinclair Tousey is Chairman,

The following substitute, effered by Mr. Greeley, was voted down, Yeas, 9; Nays, 91;

Excelect, That this Committee, believing itself the regular and only erganization of the Espahicans of the City and County of New-York. and recognizing no right in the State Committee to dissolve it, unless ex per evince, as ear predecessors have repeatedly done, our rendiments to solunit to be inside and wrong in the hope of the rely subserving and promoting the Republican cause, and we the store consent to the reorgan institute proposed by the State Committee, and direct our Chairman to cooperate with Mr. Wellium Orion in effecting it.

ferred to the Executive Committee:

Resolved, That the recent deposition, by the United States Senate, of Charles Summer of Massachusetts from Senatorial dignifics defines to the ate Chumler, a scaled Senator and a stricken blow. The loth of March, 1971, has come. Again, the Senate Chamler, the senate Senator and a

protection at home, more than expansion abroad.

Resolved, That we approve of the provisions of the bill introduced by
the Hom Renhem E. Fenton into the United States Senate, for reforming
the abuses into which the Contone Revenue laws have fatien; that the
people now burdened with heavy taxation have a right to expect that the would have amply compensated.

hispatch. All business on the line Resolutions entered by J. Solis Ritterband, indersing for over an hour on Thurs- Gen. Painer and Mosco H. Grinnelli, were also adopted.

POLITICAL NOTES.

A special dispatch from Madison, Wis., says t the latest returns from the judicial election seem to cate that Judge Lyons's majority reaches 10,000.

The Eighteenth Ward Invincible Club of Brooklyn has resolved itself into a Ward Grant Club, ith Henry Dawson, jr., President, and Theodore Rudd, The VIth Assembly District Republican As-

sociation last evening unanimously adopted a resolution indersing the appointment of the Hon. Wra. A. Darlin as Appraiser, and of the Hon. A. H. Laflin as Nava Officer of the Port of New-York.

LECTURES, MEETINGS, ETC. At a meeting of the American Institute Club,

ast evening, the entrance fee was raised from \$5 to \$10, and the monthly dues from \$3 to \$5. O'Donovan Rossa, Doctor Power, John Mulady, and others, addressed a largely attended meeting of the "Irish Confederation," last night, at No. 171

Mrs. Lizzie B. Pollock will give a Public Reading at Cooper Institute on Monday evening next. We believe she has the ability to render it instructive

Miss Elizabeth Handy (Principal of the C. P. Grammar School, West Philadelphia,) will deliver, this evening, an address on "The Struggle," at the Bridge-st. African M. E. Church, near Myrtle-ave., Brooklyn. The proceeds will be for the benefit of the Brooklyn Howard Colored Orphan Asylum.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6, 1871-7:30 p. m.
Symposis for the pass teenty-four hours.
The rainy and threatening weather prevail-The rainy and threatening weather prevailing Wednesday night on the Lakes was dissipated with light raise during the night, and followed by brisk morthwest winds and clearing up weather. Clear weather, with occasional cleadiness, has prevailed to-day east of the Mississippi. The temperature has risen very rapidly at several points, but least so in the Eastern States. The rains on the Pacific Coast have ceased, and brisk south-west winds now prevail there, with clear weather. The pressure has fluctuated slightly over the country, with a tendency to increase in the morthern half, and to diminish in the southern half.

Probabilities.

There are no certain indications of any important change in the weather for to-morrow. An area of low pressure seems to be forming in the north-west.

"SHOO FLY" FOR SUNDAY MUSIC.

To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: The neighborhood of Thirty-fourth-st.

is very much disturbed on Sundays with the constant roll of functals on their way to the Hunter's Point Ferry, and the quiet of the day is still further broken in upon by the bands of music which accompany many of the funerals, and pour forth in londest strains. On the way to the boat a noisy direc resounds, but the band, returning alone from the ferry, gives forth the cayest, most enlivening includies of the times. Last Sunday, one was "Bnoo Fly." The passing of the funerals is, perhaps, inevitable, but a regard for the Subbath, and for those who are Sabbath-keeping citizens, demands that these bands of music shall be dispensed with. It is perhaps too much to hope that the authorities will volunteer to put a stop to this and similar disturbances, but is it not time that those citizens to whom such occurrences are so annoying should take some steps in the matter themselves?

\*\*New Fork, March 28, 1851.\*\*

A CITIZEN. and the quiet of the day is still further broken in upon

It has been ascertained that up to the end of 1510 the booksellers of Germany and Switzerland, and other benevolent persons, have furnished the German allitary hospitals with 60,600 volumes of light reading matter, perhadicals, and maps. During the siege of Morz 5,750 books were cent to the investing army.

Carriers' addresses generally belong to the

literature that does not live beyond the day of its publi-cation; but that of the New-Yorker Staats Zeitung, for car unless the firms stricken out by the House were reknowed, and a Committee of Conference was appeinted,
but in vain. The closing hours were marked by scenes of
partily owing to its forcible aliasions to the war. HOME NEWS.

Naw-Yorg, Hon. Thre. Par. Wind.
April 6... 7 379 30.12 S.W. April 6... 6 509 30.10 S.R.
12 549 30.12 S.W. April 6... 6 509 30.10 S.R.
2 579 30.13 S.R.W. 11 499 30.05 R.R.
REMARKS.—April 6. 1830—Thermometer at 7 a. m., 389
3 p. m., 48°; 11 p. m., 40°.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS Astor House-The Hon, James M. Ashley of

Astor House—The Hon, James M. Ashley of Ohio, Asa Packer of Pennsylvania, Commander Engdish, U. S. Nayy, and E. B. Morgan of Aurera, N. Y. St. Nicholas Hotel—Gen. John C. Frezents of Tarrytown, N. Y. Niles G. Parker, State Treasurer of South Carolina, J. H. Kamsey of Albany, Judge T. W. Bartley of Washington, and H. A. Tilden of New-Lebanon.—Hoffman House—Peputy-Attorney General Hammond, Albany.—Albemarke Hotel—Genge Peabody Russell of Salem Mess.—Coleman House—Prof. H. Van Ligen of Poughkeepsie.—New-York Hotel—Col. Thomas S. Flournoy of Virginia.—Grand Central Hotel—Gen. M. G. Batler and Gen. M. W. Gary of North Carolina, Juage Solomon of South Carolina, Gen. F. Carolina Hotel—The Count de Marcanrid of France, Capt. Cock of Stringfield, Mass. steamship Russia, and B. F. Eowies of Springfield, Mass.
— Firth-ave, Hotel—Pinv Jewell of Hartford, Alexander Henderson of Scotland, Nathaniel Page of Washington, and Lieut. C. R. Lucas of the Eritish Army.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Judge Cardozo has appointed Wm. M. Tweed, jt., Permanent Receiver in the matter of the Common-wealth Fire Insurance Company. T. Bailey Myers will address the N. Y. Gen-

ealogical and Eiographical Society to-morrow evening at No. 64 Madh on-ave, on "Colonial New-York." The 1st Infantry, N. G. S. N. Y., Hawkins Zonaves, will parade in full fatigue uniform, this evening, to take possession of the new Armory, No. 118 West Thirty-

Francis Lohman and Daniel Allen, musicians, quarreled at Governor's Island, yesterday, and Lehman stabbed Allen in the breast, inflicting an appa-

Superintendent Kelso issued an order, yeserday, requesting the police captains to station a man at every synagogue in their precincts, to prevent sus picious persons from entering.

The Michael Norton Associations intend to give thei, patron a reception when the Senate adjourns A Hudson River steamer will be hired to convey senator and the delegation from Tarry town to this Citizens are now allowed to land at Governor's Island, from Sergeant Gubbins's new ferry-boat, the Governor's Island, without exhibiting passes, which until lately were only issued at Army Headquarters, in

The German Hospital of this city treated, in 1870, 740 patients, of whom 410 paid their own expenses, while 330 were cared for without charge. The receipts were \$40,740 51; 429 patients were cured. 119 tuproved, 33 were found incurable, and 88 died; 16,165 were treated in

The funeral of ex-Coroner Andrew R. Jack man took place yesterday from his house, No. 316 East Third-st. The body was conveyed to Calvary Cemetery.

The pall-bearers were Andrew Mills, Christian Metler, Samuel S. Acker, Robert Earl, James R. Steers, John Mason, Benjamin F. Rhodes, and John D. Murdock. About 100 men, employed in digging the cellar and laying the foundation of the Court-House for the Ninth Jacicial District, have struck for cight hours, instead of ien, as a day's work. They complain, also, that they have been required to spend a part of their own time in attending roll-call. It is expected that the strike will spread into other departments.

J. Howard Wainwright of the Stock Exchange was in Wall-st. on Wednesday, in good health. He rose as usual, yesterday, but at breakfast time was found lifeless on the parier floor, having died from effection of the brain. He was 45 years old, a son of Bishop Wainwright and son-in-law of Nicholas Stuyesant, and leaves a wife and four children. He was the author of the libreito of the Opera of "Rip Van Winkle."

BROOKLYN. The Board of Fire Commissioners is making the annual inspection of the engine-houses and ap-

The Rev. F. C. Keeler, pastor of the Janes M. F. Church, was presented by his congregation with a

Annie Olmstead, age 14, a resident of North Fourth-st., E. D., left her home on Monday last, and her purents received a note yesterday, signed by her, in which she announces her intention to commit saidle, but assigns no reason for the determination.

Richard Ternan, an inmate of the Kings County Lunatic Asylum, committed suicide on Wednes-day evening, hanging himself with the twisted sheets of his bod. He was formerly a member of the firm of Dav-lin & Co. of New-York, and during 1861-62 was a member the Brooklyn Board of Aldermen.

LONG ISLAND.

FLUSHING.-The schooner C. H. Delamater, Capt. E. Letz, from Washington, South River, N. J., cap-Capt. E. Letz, from Washington, south River, S. J., cap-sized off this place Wednesday morning. The crew were saved by the pucket-sloop Jacob Duryce, Capt. Davis, of Port Jeficrson, L. L., which afterward landed the Dela-mater on Flushing Flats.

Long Island Crty.—The Blackwell's Island Bridge bill was yesterday killed in the Senate, by being so far modified that the section taxing Queens County \$100,000 was stricten out.

modified that the section taxing Queens County \$100,000 was stricken out.

JAMALEA.—The residents desiring to have this town connected with the Finshing and North Side Kaliread system, have called a meeting for Saturday evening, to take action on the location of the Long Island Central Railroad. The Directors of the South Side Kaliread recently/requested the Trustees to grant them the privilege of straightening their line through the village, of building a depot for the use of the patrons of thereon residing in the village, and making certain other improvements. The Trustees, after long consideration, consolied to the request, provided the Railroad Company would sign a document idualing themselves—First: To build a depot at Jamalea, such as the Trustees shall direct. Second: To build large curverts at such places as the Trustees shall direct, Third; To build and keep in repair all crossings and sidewaiks that their line intersects. Fourth: To build, grade, and keep in order a 20 foot road on each side of their track, from the present depot to the carhouse.

NEW IFESER

NEW-JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY .- A boy, Walter Waller, of No. 10 York-st., left home yesterday, after stealing \$10 from his mother, and \$130 and a gold watch from a Mr. Kyle, his mother, and \$100 and a gold watch from a Mr. Kyle, residing in the same house... The Commissioners of the Fire Department have divided the city into three districts, to correspond with the Police Precincts. The following are the yearly salaries of the officers and members of the Department: Chief Engineer, \$2,500; Assistant Engineer, \$3,000; Foremen, \$250; Stokers, \$1,00, Horsomen, \$250; True Innew, \$75; Drivers, per month, \$75... The new Bears of Finance organized yesterday by the election of E. M. Pritchard President. It was resolved that proposals be received for the sale of \$100,000 worth of bonds. The Board fixed on Thursday as their regular meeting day.

Honoken.—Coroner Woolbardt held an inquest yesterday on the body of Christ. Meisse, found in the river opposite the Elyslan Fields on Wednesday. He was in the service of the Hamburg Steamship Company, and was dismissed a short time since for petty their. The jury found that the deceased committed suicide by drowning while temporarily insane.

\*\*SNEWARE.—The Common Council Committee on Streets has agreed to open Roseville-ave., in opposition to the wishes of a number of property-holders. Several miles.

s Newark.—The Common Council Committee on Streets has agreed to open Roseville-ave., in opposition to the wishes of a number of property-holders. Several miles of streets will be opened this Spring in the various submirle... The cfilmes of St. Mary's Church, at High and Williams-sts., being considered a nuisance, and a request that they be rung less frequently having been refused, a petition has been circulated asking the Common Council to act in the matter... John Steintz, a workman in Menley & Cook's shirt manufactory, has been airrested on a charge of stealing goods from the firm. A large amount of linen and manufactured goods was found in his nossession... The Rev. Mr. Elinwood, Secretary of the Memorial Fund, stated to the Presbytery on Wednesday evening, that the payments to the fund were most encouraging, amounting at present to \$6,603,000, which evening, that the payments to the fund were most encouraging, amounting at present to \$5,60,000, which makes an average of between \$18 and \$19 per homber, among the different churches. He thought the funding trench \$5,000,000. The colored people, assisted by a large delegation from New-York and several cities of New-Jersey, celebrated yesterday the anniversary of the adoption of the Fifteenth Amondment in a creditable and decorous manner. Early in the afternoon a procession was formed under Grand Murshal Charles Brown. It was composed of a horse-brigade, a platoon of police, the nearshal and aid, Newark City Band, Grand Army of the Republic, Orange delegates, Protective Union of Saloon Men of New-York, Jefferson Brass Band, Lincoln Lodge A. P. A., Friendship Benevolent Society, Public School Children, and a large number of citizens in carriages. PATERSON,-Under a Democratic administration, the

city expenditure for the year ending March 20, 1851, amounted to the enormous sum of \$1,241,961 20. The cost of the City Hall alone will be nearly \$100,003. This build-

amounted to the enormous sum of \$1,211,961 20. The cost of the City Hall alone will be nearly \$190,000. This building was purchased and fitted up in the interest of a "Ring." When completed, its actual worth will be about \$2,000... The House of Detention is completed, and hereafter the Recorder's Court will be neid in the City Hall... The Goodle estate, containing 60 acres, one mile south of this city, has been sold for \$55,000, and will be divided into building lots.

Valley Stream.—The steam mill of Hewlit, Baylies & Co. was entered by burghars on Wednesday night. Their noise around George Mott, an employe of the firm, who obtained assistance and proceeded to the office, where two men were discovered at work on the safe with crills, chisels, &c. The readers field, but were freed upon by Mott. One of them cried out, "O Goodt" a number of times, as if hit, but did not stop running. The direction they took was up the Hempstead Kaliroad toward the plains. A complete set of burglar's tools was loit, together with a quantity of powder.

ELIZABETH.—A little girl living on Pine-st, had her hand cut off by her brother, while splitting wood, on Wednessiny.—Bishop Odenheiner will lay the cornerstone of the new Trinity Church on Monday.

IRVINGTON.—Three bundred and ninety-nine children

IRVINGTON.-Three hundred and ninety-nine children

Invision.—Three bundred and inner me attending school here.

New-Brunswick.—The members of one of the classes at Rutgers-College, it is said, have refused to sign a pledge not to violate the College rules, and a consequent "ampleasantness" exists between the class and the faculty.

CAPE MAX.—Mrs. Sarah Hand, age 23, died here today. She was among those who, pu Washington's triumphal passage through Trenton, strewed flowers in his path. Her highend was an officer in the Revolutionary war, and also in time of 1812.

Televior.—John Ware, the young parricide, has been

TRENTON .- John Ware, the young parricide, has been respited by the Court of Paraons until May 5, when his

sentence, will probably be commuted to imprisonment for life. He is only 20 years old.

HAPS AND MISHAPS. Peter Coope, r's residence, No. 9 Lexington-ave, as damaged \$1,000 b, for yesterday.

The residence of Incob Enclis, No. 251 Courtest, trootin, was robled of \$1.50 worth of clothing and jeneity yesterday.

Mary M. Preston has recovered from Philip Beriner in the City Court, 252 and goes, for an assant committed upon her of defendant in his store, on the 5th of \$20uary limit.

Theodore Gunsel's manufactory of flags and decora-ons at No. 11 Fectord-tre., was damaged \$1,000 by fre yesterias. In ord. The building, owned by Mrs. Mary Cooper, is damaged \$200

Coroner Schirmer held an inquest yesterday at

Alexander McCullough, age 35, insane, of Twentybeat, and Third-ave., leaped into the North River for-or-witth-st., restender. He was rescued and afterward tion Coulter at the Fifty seventh-st. Police Court.

Deputy Revenue Collector Patterson seized the ear manufactory of licrosas Metzgr., No. 8-5 Polito-are,, Brookles, esteriar, for alloyed found on the revenue. Metzgr., during a specified

LATEST SHIP NEWS.

For other Ship News see Fifth Page.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

We contain a for interment.

CARTWRIGHT-On Thursday merging, Mrs. Eather Cartwright, witow of the late Capt Alvert, I Certurniest in the 70th year of her are.

The relatives and friends of the issuing are invited to site at her former, from her late residence, 621 Kenn-ave., Brooklyn, on Saturday, 15th links, at 3 c'clock.

DYCKMAN—On Wednesday, April 5. Betar Ann, wife of William N. Dyckman, and daughter of the late John Blowywell.
The relatives and friends are conscitulty invited to artifod the funeral from her late relations, 354 West Thory-thirdst, on inturing mornitude in the state of the constant of

HALL-On Thursday, April 6, 1971; Warren Spafford Hall, infant son of Samuel B, and Ells S. 1921, page 2

Joseph E. and Eliza J. NeCormack, aged 2 years and 9 months.
Notice of internal to-morrow.

SMITH—In Easten, Conn., suddenly, Rey, Priend W. Smith of New-Tork
East Conference, aged 71 years, 22 o'clock p. m.

SCOTT—At Plainfeld, N. J., Welmesky, April 5, Kate S. Scott, daughter of Rebecca T. and the late Wm. Scott.

Smertal services at the residence of her brother-in-law, Wm. P. Humbert,
corner Contribars, and Sixh at. Plainfeld, on Satoriar, at 19 s. m.
Remains will be interred in Greenwood Compilery. Carriages will be
at South Parry, Broader, at 17145 p. m., to recommodiate relations and
friends. Train for Plainfeld to year foot of Liberty-m. at 2 s. m. TOLLY-Is Athens, Greene Co., N. Y., Frederick W. Tolly, in the 29th

year of his ego. WAINWEIGHT-On Thursday morning, April 6, 3, Howard Waln-

years:
WHITE—Of scarlet fever, at the residence of the Rev. David Magie, Pena Yan, N. Y., March 30, Medge, only surviving child of John C. and Louise B. White, aged 5 years.
Interneut at Mount Piessant Cenadory, Newark, N. J.

Special Notices

April, MAY,

and JUNE

BY USING HELMBOLU'S CATAWBA GRAPE-JUICE PILLS, HELMEOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT GRAPE-JUICE PILLS, ARE THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE.

lelightful and healthful beverage.

The Grape-Juice Pill is composed of Fluid Extract of Catawba Grape

is not a patentel pill, put up as these ordinarily rended, but
THE RESULT OF TEN YEARS ENPERIMENTING, AND
GREAT CARE IN PREPARATION,
SAPE FOR AND TAKEN BY CHILDREN.

ONE BOTTLE OF THE GRAPE-JUICE PILLS
ARE WORTH THEIR WEIGHT IN GOLD

BAD BLOOD, POOR COMPLEXION HEADACHE, NERVOUSNESS, WIKEFELNESS AT NIGHT. COSTIVENE S,
AND IRREGULARITIES

and to those suffering from
BEOKEN AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS,
IT WILL GIVE NEW BLOOD NEW VIGOS, AND NEW LIFE. THE CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS,

> H. T. HELMBOLD'S PREPARATIONS ARE PHARMACEUTICAL, NOT A SINGLE ONE BEING PATENTED, BUT ALL ON THEIR OWN MEET'S.

Practical and Analytical Chemist,
Creatal Patrice Pagemary, 594 Broodway, New York,
P. S.—HELDIBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCSIV HAS GAINED A

WORLD-WIDE FAME

An Immense Reduction.—White French China Dinner Set,
151 pieces \$5.20

IMMENSE REDUCTION—White French China Ter 25.45, 44 pieces,
14 50.1

IMMENSE REDUCTION—White French China Soup Tercens, \$2 35,
14 50. IMMENSE REDUCTION-White French China Covered Dishes. \$4. worth \$2. IMMEN R REDUCTION-Colored and G.B French Chine Tea Sets. 44 pieces, #19 10.
IMMENSE REDUCTION-Git Band French China Tea Sets, 44 pieces, \$9 50, 1MMhNSE REDUCTION-Colored and Gilt French China Dinner

dec.s. #4.

IMMENSE REDUCTION—Silver-plated Tea Sets, 6 pieces, best plate, on source control, \$50.50.

IMMENSE REDUCTION—Silver-plated Casters, 6 cut bot'les, #5.50.

IMMENSE REDUCTION—All kinds of Silver-plated Ware at less

make, S7 19 the dozen.

IMMEN'S RIDUCTION—Everything in the way of China, Glass
Plated Ware, and Gas Fittings.

W. J. F. DAILEY & Co., 631 Brassless, N. Y. Announcement.

Announcement.

Gents' Eight Dollar Silk HATS for Seven Bollars.

GENTLEMEN EXPECT IT! WE WILL DO IT! Retrenchment, Pronomy, Activity, and getting back to First Principles

EX.MINE-COMPARE-BUT
WARROCK & Co., 519 BROAD VAY
Bornes I Vontily HATS in great variety at molecule pieces.
This is the original and only oping Water which has wrought so many
under it carrs in case of Caseer, Scoulin, and Unesses of the Essery.
For sale by druggiets.
A fresh supply just received by

J. P. HKNRY, No. 8 College-place.

Post-Office Notice. The MALLS to E. ROPE, during place, ending raturdar, April 5, BCL will cope at this care on T. Bellay, at 11 m., on Sin, Bollay, at 12 m., on Sin, Bollay, at 12 m., on Sin, Bollay, at 12 m., and on T. Bellay, at 12 m., and at 12 m., a

For other Ships News Rec Raise.

Stremskip George B. Upton, Stotensk Richmood, City Point, and Norfold, with make, and poss, to Weshington at Co.

Stremskip James Adopt. Lackatonia Co.

Stremskip James Adopt. Lackatonia Co.

Stremskip James Adopt. Lackatonia Co.

Schr. Convoy (of Eccklann), Fromch. Carlems, 13 days, with molasses
to St. Peres & Oustrio, vessel to H. P. Brown. Had rough was her;

in such and carried away main boom; has been day a north of Ratters.

SAYANNAH, April 6.—Cleared, steamable H. Livingston, for New-York,

Grimaell loses his Position, but Mexica Pennisa continue

Wedding and Visiting Cords, Icital Stanting Note Poner, Ca. Byznastica Sons, 10: Petros etc., ors. Oth Deven Chusco.

BAYLEY-At the Getty Home, Yeckers, on Wednesday, 5th inst.,
Richard Bayler, in the 69th year of his age.
Fasieral at 3 of clock p. m., on Saturday, April 6, 1971.
BURLINGHAM—On Wednesday, Anal 5, 1971, William T. Burlingham,
in the 50th year of his age the family, also the members of the First
Espitat Charde, Harbern, are invited to attend the function of Privay,
April 7, at I p. m., from his late re bisease, Westington-six, between
Seventh and highthesia, Morrisania. The remains will be taken to
Woodham for interness.

McCORMACK.-On Thurstay evening, April 5, Thomas A., only son of Joseph E. and El za J. NeCornarch, aged 2 years and 9 months.

SMITH-In Fair Haven, Conn., April 3, Gilbert P. Smith, son of Sabta and Soon C. Smith, see 125 years.

Wright.

Belatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funcal from Triaty Chapel, I wenty dithen, near Brondway, on Saiorday, the 5th inst., at 2 of clock p. m.

WHITE—At Norwood, N. J., on Wednesday, April 5, of diphtheria, Battle, youngest child of N. Curtiss and Bolia Dana White, aged 64 years.

PURIFY THE BLOOD, and
BEAUTIFY THE COMPLEXION

In the Spring and Summer mouths the system undergoes a change This is the time to use good blood-renewing, parifying, and invigorat-

One bottle of Helmbold's Fluid Extract Sarsoparilla equals in strength one gallon of the symp or detection as made by druggists; and a wine-glass added to a plut of water e justs the celebrated Lisbon Diet Drink—a

FLUID EXTRACT BHUBARB. Useful in all diseases rogo ring a cathurite remedy, and far superior to all other purgatives, each as salls, manned, and HELMDOLD'S GRAPE-JULE PILL.

NO NAUSEA; NO GRIPING PAINS.
BUT MILD, PLEASANT, AND SAFE IN OPERATION. TWO BOTTLES OF THE FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

to those suffering from

are done up with great care and in handsome bottles, and will surpass all those vended in weeden lower, and cared-saly prepared by her; erienced men, comparing with the English and French style of manufacturing.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sets.
IMMENSE REDUCTION-Chamber Sets, Colored, English goods, 11

than maker's prices.
IMMPNSE REDUCTION-Ivory-Handled Dinner Enlyes, Sheffield

Gents' Eight Boller Size HAT'S for Series Doubles.
SUCCESS WARRANTS PEOGRESSION!
OUR SEVEN BOLLAR HAT IS A SUCCE'S.
WE NOW OFFER OUR REGULAR G1 DRESS HAT FOR \$1,
THIS IS PROGRESSION. THE TIMES DEMAND IT!

a the Order of the Day.

EX:MINE-COMPARE-EUT